Hiltner, Allison

From: Hiltner, Allison

Sent: Wednesday, October 28, 2015 11:14 AM **To:** Keeley, Karen; Koch, Kristine; Grandinetti, Cami

Subject: RE: Portland Harbor

That's the first time I've heard that argument. I agree with Cami that CB/NT fish data are sparse and it's hard to draw any conclusions with what we have. Karen, let me know if I can help with pulling data together.

From: Keeley, Karen

Sent: Wednesday, October 28, 2015 10:55 AM

To: Koch, Kristine; Grandinetti, Cami; Hiltner, Allison

Subject: RE: Portland Harbor

I will get you the info, any data before 2005 is bogus per WDFW and JimWest, who collected/analyzed it all AND the there is a good summary of existing info in our last FYR. Plus the common sense point that BLAIR isn't part of the cleanup and SITCUM had zero PCBs – it was all metals contamination.

Karen Keeley | Superfund Remedial Project Manager U.S. Environmental Protection Agency | Region 10

Office of Environmental Cleanup 1200 6th Avenue, Suite 900, ECL-122 | Seattle, WA 98101 p: 206.553.2141

From: Koch, Kristine

Sent: Wednesday, October 28, 2015 10:23 AM

To: Grandinetti, Cami < Grandinetti. Cami @epa.gov >; Hiltner, Allison < Hiltner. Allison @epa.gov >; Keeley, Karen

< <u>Keeley.Karen@epa.gov</u>> **Subject:** Portland Harbor

The LWG has made the following claim in their comments to the NRRB/CSTAG. I don't know enough about these sites to know if this is true or not. Can you look into this for me?

Thanks!

An example of the adverse long-term

impact of dredging releases is the Commencement Bay (Washington) dredging history. Before two significant dredging projects (~400,000 cy in 1994-5 in the Blair and Sitcum Waterway and ~1,100,000 cy in 2003-4 in the Hylebos, Middle, and Thea Foss Waterways), the PCBs levels in 1991 fish tissue were about 48 μ g/kg. These levels spiked to 140 μ g/kg in 1994-5 and 205 μ g/kg in 2003-4 as a result of these two large dredging projects. Twenty years later, in 2011, the fish tissue levels are still around 100 μ g/kg, which is well above the 1991 pre-dredging levels. This amounts to a significant long-term impact to the fish and the people who eat them that would reduce the effectiveness and protectiveness of those remedies.

Kristine Koch Remedial Project Manager USEPA, Office of Environmental Cleanup U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 900, M/S ECL-122 Seattle, Washington 98101-3140

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